

GUIDE TO WORKFORCE PLANNING







PHASE 1

PHASE 2

PHASE 3

PHASE 4



OVERVIEW

The purpose of this guide is to outline a common business practice for Workforce Planning across the Department of Defense (DoD) to ensure that all organizations, commands and activities have the people they need to support the mission. This process should provide a clear picture of the current workforce, future requirements and a plan to fill gaps at the right time with well-qualified employees to meet workforce priorities.

Workforce Planning is not the sole responsibility of a sole individual. It falls on the shoulders of all of those at Strategic, Operational and Business levels, each with heir own duties.

At the Strategic level, the Office of the Secretary of Defense (OSD)'s Civilian Personnel Policy (CPP):

- Report to Congress and other Stakeholders.
- Provide an enterprise view.
- Cross-feed information and strategies.
- Drive the Strategic Human Capital Planning Process.
- Share best practices.

At the Operational level, the OSD Functional Communities:

- Aggregate and analyze workforce data.
- Develop and implement integrated recruitment, compensation, development and retention strategies for the Community.
- Create a foundation for resource allocation and other decisions.

At the Business level, the Component Functional Communities and Integrators:

- Gather Community data for the Component.
- Provide Component analysis and recommendations.
- Develop, implement and refine strategies.
- Provide feedback on effectiveness for further refinement.
- Develop Component Strategic Human Capital Management (SHCM) reports.



OVERVIEW (CONT.)

The U.S. Office of Personnel Management defines Workforce Planning as:

...the systematic process for identifying and addressing the gaps between the workforce of today and the human capital needs of tomorrow. It is based upon a set of workforce analyses which provide insight into how agencies can align their workforce to meet human capital goals and objectives that link to the agency's mission and strategic objectives.

Breaking the components of this definition down into smaller parts may help to understand it. What words in the definition stand out?

Identifying gaps: What skills and competencies do you lack in your workforce, or are you projecting that you'll lack in your workforce? Where and when will they be needed?

Addressing gaps: What proactive steps are you taking to overcome these gaps? What actions must you take to attract and retain the number and types of workers needed?

Systematic process: What predefined framework are you using for your analysis and planning efforts? Is the process integrated and ongoing?

Human capital goals that link to strategic objectives: Are your Workforce Planning efforts aligned in support of a formal Workforce Plan?





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NOTE* OPM considers Workforce Planning a major component of strategic human capital management and an essential piece of the overall hiring process. When this process is completed correctly up-front, it helps the organization align their human resource requirements through workforce shaping in accordance with budget decisions to meet their strategic goals. Workforce Planning is the first component of the OPM End-to-End Hiring Roadmap, located at: http://archive.opm.gov/publications/EndToEnd-HiringInitiative.pdf.



DESIRED RESULTS

WHAT WILL WORKFORCE PLANNING DO FOR YOU?

Would you be successful at meeting your organization's mission if there were no operational goals and objectives set and you had no plan for how to achieve desired results? But you say you've gotten by so far without a Workforce Plan, right?

If your organization struggles to attract, hire and retain the number and type of talented

employees you need within the timeframe you need them, then you should find it worthwhile to do some proactive Workforce Planning. The real question is: Can you afford not to engage in Workforce Planning?

- Can you afford continued delays in the hiring process? Executing a Workforce Plan will help reduce the time it takes to hire quality candidates.
- Can you afford critical skill gaps impacting productivity in your organization? A Workforce Plan will help you identify skill gaps and use targeted recruitment methods to fill the gaps.
- Can you afford to wait until your retirement-eligible employees leave to find that you don't have adequate mid-level employees ready to replace them? A Workforce Plan will help you assess your experience gap and upcoming retirement waves so you can identify actions to develop your internal talent and bring in the right talent outside your organization to maintain continuity of operations.

OUTCOMES

This process is intended to result in planned, programmed actions to fill vacancies and shape the workforce with the right talent, at the right time to meet mission needs. The outputs that will guide your human resources management decisions should include two types of plans, aligned to workload and manpower requirements, budget cycles and funding streams:

- A long-range (3-7 year) Strategic Workforce Plan that identifies mission-driven workforce requirements for recruitment, workforce shaping, development, talent management and succession to meet future staffing needs.
- A short-term (1-2 year) Operational Staffing Plan that identifies specific recruitmentand hiring, development and workforce shaping actions in the near term.



THE BUSINESS CASE FOR WORKFORCE PLANNING (MANAGER 'S ROLE)			
IF YOU DON'T	YOU WILL GET		
Perform workforce planning (align the top- level vision to what you need to see "on the ground").	Desperation hires; reactive approach to recruitment.		
Have early collaboration with HR.	Tactical "one at a time" fills.		
Recruit actively for hard-to-fill vacancies.	Not enough well-qualified candidates on certificates.		
Encourage your employees to submit & update their resumes.	Potential internal candidates missing on certificates.		
Market your vacancies.	Not enough well-qualified candidates on certificates; same names continue to appear on certificates; potential internal candidates missing on certificates.		
Return selection certificates within established timeline.	No change or increased end-to-end recruitment time due to holding up the certificate.		
Make initial contact (as allowed by your Componentor Service, Agency) with selected candidates.	Lower acceptance rates.		
Improve the onboarding experience.	Decreased retention and productivity.		





ROLES AND RESPONSIBILITIES

These are recommended roles and responsibilities, and may vary, depending on your organization or servicing model.

SENIOR LEADERS

Support and guide the overall strategic direction of the organization. Appoint a Workforce Planning Team including organization resource sponsors with knowledge of mission, workforce and workload requirements. Review and certify the Workforce Plan and revise as needed.

WORKFORCE PLANNING TEAM (WPT)

Depending on your Component or Agency servicing model and policies, the individuals making up the Workforce Planning Team may vary. In some instances, the roles of the Supervisor, Manager and/or Subject Matter Expert could be played by the same individual. These examples are potential/suggested key players.

The Workforce Planning Team is appointed by senior leadership to develop the organization's Workforce Plans, including a long-range (3-7 years) Strategic Workforce Plan and a short-term (1-2 years) Operational Staffing Plan. Team members should include key functional managers who can shape the human capital strategy for the organization as follows:

Senior Manager — provides information on the goals, objectives and direction of the organization. This member should ensure that human capital plans and recruitment efforts meet the organization's strategic and mission needs.

Functional Community Manager (FCM) — leads Workforce Planning efforts in functional communities and mission-critical occupations. Functional Community Managers focus on forecasting long-range requirements, accession and retention goals; recruitment and retention strategies; and closing competency gaps across their functional community. FCMs may serve as resources or consultants to the organization's workforce planning team. The FCM role is linked to Strategic Workforce Planning at the DoD level.

Budget Analyst — estimates costs and advises on funding levels and alternatives to meet workforce requirements for labor costs and non-labor costs such as training and development, recruitment events and advertising, etc. This member should be able to identify budget allocations, procedures and timelines for budget submissions in support of workforce requirements. Should be able to provide data on workforce costs and assist with developing a business case if additional resources are needed to support human capital strategies.

Manpower Analyst — ensures workload, manpower requirements and skill gaps are accurately identified and reflected in the activity's Workforce Plan as well as in appropriate manpower systems and budget plans. Ensures that military and contractor requirements are also considered to arrive at the right total force mix.

ROLES AND RESPONSIBILITIES



Administrative Officer (A0) — facilitates the Workforce Planning Team effort. Consolidates input and reviews discussion notes with the team. Coordinates the development of draft and final Workforce Plans and presents them to the Workforce Planning Team for approval. Disseminates current workforce data reports, communicates Workforce Plans to hiring supervisors and managers, and ensures updates to the plan are shared with hiring managers and HR service providers.

Human Resources (HR) Consultant and/or Service Provider, and Equal Employment Opportunity (EEO) Advisor — serve as business consultants, analyzing and advising on civilian workforce, HR policies and programs, and external labor force data and issues such as market conditions, skills, compensation, recruitment sources, hiring authorities, EEO considerations, workforce demographics, etc. Lead development and execution of strategic recruitment actions to build the candidate pool for targeted jobs. Execute hiring actions in the Operational Staffing Plan. Serve as advisors/consultants on operational recruitment efforts when a vacancy occurs and assist the hiring official in all aspects of the operational recruitment efforts.

Managers, Supervisors and/or Subject Matter Experts (SMEs) — Provide insight to the Workforce Planning Team on customer requirements, mission needs, technology changes, workload changes, etc. Participate as subject matter experts in recruitment efforts such as job fairs, college recruiting, outreach to professional communities, associations, etc. Responsible for the development and/or delivery of the short-term Operational Staffing Plan with inputs from the Workforce Planning Team. Also responsible for the following OSD Hiring Reform Performance Objective: "Effectively attract/recruit a high-caliber workforce in accordance with hiring goals/plans; identify current/ future position requirements to ensure recruiting is focused, timely and produces high-quality candidate pools; and acts responsibly and timely on hiring decisions."

Competency Management Subject Matter Experts (SMEs) — Competency SMEs work with managers and supervisors to identify required technical and non-technical competencies and proficiency levels for employees and positions needed to meet current and emerging needs. On an as-needed basis, works with supervisors to assess workforce proficiency levels to determine competency gaps, identify strategies to close identified gaps and develop resulting career roadmaps.



6-STEP MATRIX

STEP 1 JAN STEP 2 JAN - FEB	Assess the Current State of Workforce Planning. Analyze Current Workforce & Workload.
STEP 2 JAN - FEB	Analyze Current Workforce & Workload.
STEP 3 MAR - APR	Identify Future Workforce Requirements & Gaps.
STEP 4	Develop Workforce Plan & Staffing Plan.
STEP 5	Conduct Recruiting & Talent Outreach.
STEP 6	Maintain, Monitor, Evaluate & Revise the Plan.



STEP 1 - ASSESS THE CURRENT STATE OF WORKFORCE PLANNING

STEP 1 - ASSESS THE CURRENT STATE OF WORKFORCE PLANNING		
WH0	WHEN	WHAT
Senior Leader, WPT	January Annually	Assess the status of current Workforce Planning initiatives within each organization with the aim of creating one common Workforce Planning framework that establishes long-range and short-term workforce goals.

1.1 Ensure clarity around current Workforce Planning-related activities with the aim of creating one common Workforce Planning framework for identifying and responding to strategic talent needs.

Key Questions to Consider:

What Workforce Planning or staff planning processes exist across the organization (functions and business units)?
To what extent are current staff or Workforce Planning processes across the organization aligned in terms of inputs, outputs, objectives or the Program Objectives Memorandum (or Budget Cycle)?
Are current planning processes focused on identifying and responding to near-term staffing gaps or long-range strategic gaps linked to business objectives?
1.2 Understand long-range strategic priorities across the organization with potential impact on staffing and workforce development needs.

Key Question to Consider:

To what extent does HR have a forward-looking conversation with hiring managers regarding the direction of the business and talent implications either as part of current staffing planning conversations or separately?

1.3 Ensure Workforce Plans are linked to the organization's strategic direction in order to achieve goals through Workforce Planning.





STEP 2 - ANALYZE CURRENT WORKFORCE & WORKLOAD

STEP 2 – ANALYZE CURRENT WORKFORCE & WORKLOAD		
WH0	WHEN	WHAT
WPT, HR, AO	Jan-Feb Annually	Review the current state of the workforce including analysis of current organizational structure and demographic information such as occupations, grade levels, skills and experience, associated gaps, age, retirement eligibility, diversity, turnover rates, etc. Conduct competency assessments and compare workforce needs against available skills.

If you don't know what you already have or what your starting point is, you won't be able to determine where your skill gaps are, set goals or determine if you are making any progress toward those goals.

Commands and activities need to analyze current workforce statistics, forecast attrition rates and identify gaps in skills and recruitment needs to better match their human capital with the mission. While a Workforce Planning Team will focus 3-7 years out, hiring managers should be focusing ondevelopment of a Staffing Plan that looks 1-2 years out.

WORKFORCE DATA EXAMPLES	PURPOSE
 Retirement eligibility, years of service, age, grade. Turnover and retention rates. 	To forecast numbers & occupations of employees likely to leave through retirement and attrition.
Reasons for high/low turnover.	Operational short term over the next 1-2 years.
	• Strategic long-range planning over the next 3-7 years.
	Plan strategies to improve retention, onboarding.
Education, skills and experience.	To assess availability of skills to support
Occupations, grade levels, geographic locations.	current/ future work requirements.
Diversity composition and trends.	
Performance appraisal data.Employee survey data.	To identify performance trends by functional area, competency; determine ways to improve engagement, risk taking, change management, etc.



STEP 2 - ANALYZE CURRENT WORKFORCE & WORKLOAD

2.1 Retrieve and analyze workforce data. The Workforce Planning Team (WPT) identifies current activity workforce and workload-related information, mission changes, funding sources and options, etc. In consultation with HR the WPT conducts and assesses the labor market.

2.2 Diagnose the talent segments or workforce capabilities that are most critical to executing on future strategic priorities.
KEY QUESTION TO CONSIDER:
What are the key programs, priorities and issues driving the current workforce structure?
To what extent is your diagnosis of critical talent needs driven by current vacancies and not longer-term business needs?
Are you responsive to changes in strategic priorities over time in terms of your understanding of what talent segments and workforce capabilities are most critical?
IDENTIFY CURRENT:
Work functions and workload requirements.
Skills imbalances (overages/shortages).
Attrition rates and reasons for high turnover areas.
Hard-to-fill jobs (occupations, levels, locations).
Funding and approval policy for recruitment, relocation, retention incentives.
Compensation policies and strategies.
Activity workforce profile (demographics, including diversity statistics).
Marketplace issues (Base Realignment and Closure, Reduction-in-Force (RIF), downsizing or upsizing in local industry, etc.).
Applicable Functional Community data analysis (i.e., the occupational communities such as Human Resources, Acquisition, Logistics, Legal, Information Technology, etc.).
2.3 The Administrative Officer should gain consensus from the Workforce Planning Team



STEP 3 - IDENTIFY FUTURE WORKFORCE REQUIREMENTS & GAPS

STEP 3 – IDENTITFY FUTURE WORKFORCE REQUIREMENTS & GAPS			
WH0	WHEN	WHAT	
WPT, HR, AO	Mar-Apr Annually	Identify future workload and workforce requirements, shortages, gaps or imbalances in skills and determine effective recruitment and workforce shaping strategies to address identified needs. The analysis conducted in Step 2 is imperative in identifying future workforce requirements and gaps.	

3.1	Identify future workforce requirements.
IDEN	ITIFY:
	Changes to mission or strategic priorities.
	New types of work or programs impacting workload, job mix or skills needed.
	Workforce changes, such as: hiring surges, hiring freezes, insourcing/outsourcing, Base Realignment and Closure (BRAC) initiatives, Joint Basing, Transfer of Work (TOW), Transfe of Function (TOF), reductions in force (RIF), Voluntary Early Retirement Authority (VERA), Voluntary Separation Incentives Pay (VSIP), Discontinued Service Retirement (DSR), etc.
	Technology changes affecting work processes and skills.
	Customer requirements (process changes, response/delivery/production times, etc.).
	Functional Community occupational data analysis and goals.
	Labor Relations (LR) and bargaining unit requirements.
	Funding sources and budgeting process requirements.
	Workforce trends and projections.
CON	SIDER:
	Succession and talent management plans.
	Competency management.
	Equal Employment Opportunity (EEO) and diversity plans and objectives (Federal Equal Opportunity Recruitment Program (FEORP), Management Directive (MD)-715, disability hiring goals, veterans hiring goals, etc.).



STEP 3 - IDENTIFY FUTURE WORKFORCE REQUIREMENTS & GAPS

3.1 (Continued).
Compare:
Current workforce information with future talent requirements.
Prepare a gap analysis that includes the following:
Work year/Full-time equivalents requirements.
 Workforce mix (civilian, military, contractor).
 Competency and skill requirements.
 Training and development requirements.
 Work to be outsourced/insourced or contracted out.
A gap analysis is the process of assessing the "competency gaps" between the current workforce (supply) and the future workforce (demand analysis) to identify the differences between what you currently have and what you will need in the future. The desired result is a foundation for your Operational Staffing Plan.
3.2 Forecast the need for critical talent and capabilities.
Key Questions to Consider:
To what extent are critical talent groups/capabilities available internally (inside your work unit, agency/organization or Component), and externally (within DoD, the federal government or from private sector sources)?
Have you considered or identified the reasons for the gaps, such as changes in mission, changes in organizational structure, skill shortages and/or new technology?
3.3 Diagnose the internal supply of critical skills to address potential gaps in talent.
Key Questions to Consider:
To what extent are you developing and training talent and skills in critical areas?
Are you collecting necessary data on development, training, retention, performance and mobility of critical talent segments?
3.4 Diagnose the external supply of critical skills to address potential gaps in talent.
Key Question to Consider:
To what extent do you have a defined process for gathering labor market information in areas critical to your business?
3.5 Assess risk factors for meeting planned needs. Diagnose organizational gaps and shortcomings with potential negative impact on strategy execution.
Key Question to Consider:
To what extent is your organization structured to ensure internal mobility to minimize critical talent gaps?
3.6 Administrative Officer should gain consensus from the Workforce Planning Team regarding the desired state prior to proceeding to Step 4.



STEP 4 - DEVELOP WORKFORCE PLAN & STAFFING PLAN

STEP 4 – DEVELOP WORKFORCE PLAN & STAFFING PLAN			
WH0	WHEN	WHAT	
WPT	NLT 30 Jun	Develop an Operational Staffing Plan that identifies short-term needs, specific positions and targeted recruitment sources to meet immediate requirements. Positions identified in the Operational Staffing Plan should be approved for advance recruitment (if needed) and funded for staffing action within the next 1-2 years.	
	30 Jun every 3-7 years depending on timeframe of plan	Develop a long-range Strategic Workforce Plan (every 3-7 years, with updates as needed) that represents a deliberate and programmed approach to workforce shaping and development to meet short-term and long-range staffing needs. It should support and align with organizational strategic and business plans; and consolidate information on projected attrition, recruitment and staffing actions, workforce shaping actions (i.e., realignment, transfer of work, reduction-in-force, etc.) and programmed labor funding. It also provides an assessment of workforce skills and prescribes methods to assist the organization in resolving future skills imbalances and enhancing productivity.	

4.1 Assess potential talent management and organizational solutions to talent gaps. Evaluate costs and benefits of traditional talent management solutions and organizational or job design solutions to fill strategic gaps.

Key Question to Consider:

To what extent are your recruiting, development and training strategies aligned with the strategic gaps identified through the Workforce Plan?





STEP 4 - DEVELOP WORKFORCE PLAN & STAFFING PLAN

costs and benefits of traditional talent management solutions and organizational or job design solutions to fill strategic gaps.	
Long-range Workforce Plan should include:	
Future workforce structure (work years/full-time equivalents, total force mix of civilian/military/contractor personnel, required competencies/skills and projected outsourcing/insourcing, etc.).	
Number, type, pay plan and grade level/pay band of new hires (entry, journey or expert levels).	
Mission-critical and hard-to-fill positions.	
Succession planning strategies.	
Competency/skill development requirements.	
Career roadmaps.	
Compensation strategies (i.e., retention, recruitment or relocation incentives, etc.). Potential recruitment methods.	
Timelines.	
Funding sources and budget requirements.	
Prioritized action items; focus on the strategies most likely to be effective at closing strategic talent gaps.	
4.3 Develop Operational Staffing Plan. Focus on recruitment/workforce shaping over the next 1-2 years, and develop an Operational Staffing Plan foundation based on your gap analysis, including:	
 Current Workforce demographics and competencies. 	
 Projected Workforce skills, staffing, program and workload needs for recruitment and stadevelopment. 	aff
Operational Staffing Plan should include:	
Positions projected to be filled.	
 Specify occupational series/codes, grade levels/pay bands, competency requirements, training plans and level of hire (entry, journey, expert). 	
 Planned recruiting and talent outreach sources and methods. 	
Positions expected to be impacted by workforce shaping actions (i.e., realignments, transfer of function, reduction-in-force, etc.).	
 Specify occupational series/codes, grade levels/pay bands, organization function/codes impacted. 	
Timeframes.	
Ensure funding for planned actions.	
Prioritize action items.	
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CIDE TO WORKFORCE PLANNING

WORKFORCE PLANNING PROCESS



STEP 4 - DEVELOP WORKFORCE PLAN & STAFFING PLAN

SAMPLE OPERATIONAL STAFFING / PLANNING TOOL

GANIZATION INFORMATION	POSITION INFORMATION —	
Organization Name	I osition bescription	
Location		
L INFORMATION		
Fill Priority Low Normal High	Estimated # of Vacancies	
Timeframe to Fill 🔲 Q1 🔲 Q2 🔲 Q3 🔲 Q4 YEAR 20	Dept. or Org. Code	
PP-SRS-GR Pay Plan, Series, Grade (ENTRY)	(TARGET)	
CRUITMENT SOURCE		
INTERNAL	EXTERNAL	
☐ Merit Promotion Process	□ Delegated Examining	
☐ Reduction in Force	□ Veterans Reemployment Act	
☐ Priority Placement Program	□ Veterans Employment Opportunity Act	
☐ Developmental Opportunity Program	☐ People with Disabilities	
☐ Career Program	☐ Transfer	
☐ Other	☐ Reinstatement	
	☐ Non-Appropriated Fund	
	☐ Other	
CRUITMENT EFFORTS		
☐ Marketing	☐ Department of Labor	
☐ College Fair	☐ Military Transition Assistance Program	
☐ Veterans' Affairs	☐ Other	
IMPENSATION STRATEGY		
☐ Permanent Change of Station	☐ Student Loan Repayment	
☐ Relocation Incentive	☐ Superior Qualifications Appointment	
☐ Recruitment Incentive	☐ Other	



STEP 4 - DEVELOP WORKFORCE PLAN & STAFFING PLAN

- **4.4** Administrative Officer should gain consensus from the Workforce Planning Team regarding the Workforce Plan and Operational Staffing Plan prior to proceeding to Step 5.
- **4.5** Communicate the plan. Ensure that leaders are aware of talent and capability risks and labor market and organizational gaps that might impact the organization's ability to execute on the strategy. Ensure all relevant stakeholders (HR consultants and/or service providers, manpower, budget, hiring managers and supervisors) are aware of their role and responsibilities in executing the plans.

Key Question to Consider:

Have you clarified roles and expected outcomes for all relevant stakeholders critical to executing the staffing plan?





STEP 5 — CONDUCT RECRUITING & TALENT OUTREACH

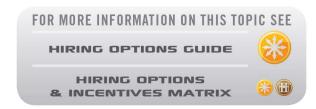
STEP 5 – CONDUCT RECRUITING & TALENT OUTREACH		
WH0	WHEN	WHAT
Managers, Supervisors, SMEs, Functional Community Mgrs, HR Consultants and/or Service Providers	Ongoing	Conduct outreach and publicize the organization as an employer of choice to attract top talent and build an effective applicant pool for projected hiring needs, particularly for mission-critical, hard-to- fill, highly specialized or high turnover positions. Conduct ongoing strategic recruitment efforts to provide a ready supply of qualified candidates so that job vacancies can be filled more quickly when openings occur.

5.1 EXTERNAL RECRUITING: Determine outreach and networking strategies to inform potential applicants about the organization (mission, location, federal benefits, etc.), publicize job opportunities and develop the applicant pool for mission-critical, hard-to-fill, highly specialized or high turnover positions.

Consider:

Available Hiring Options

- "The Pathways Programs", provides clear paths to Federal internships and potential careers in Government for students and recent graduates.
- Re-employed Annuitants
- Short-term vs. long-term appointments (permanent/term/temporary)
- Veterans Employment Opportunity Act of 1998 (VEOA)
- Veterans Recruitment Appointment (VRA) and 30% or more Disabled Vets
- Schedule A Excepted Appointing Authority People with Disabilities
- Direct Hire Authorities
- Expedited Hire Authorities





STEP 5 — CONDUCT RECRUITING & TALENT OUTREACH

5.1 EXTERNAL RECRUITING (CONT.)	
Consider:	
Available Hiring Incentives	
	FOR MORE INFORMATION ON THIS TOPIC SEE
	HIRING INCENTIVES GUIDE
Partnerships & Outreach	& INCENTIVES MATRIX
 Partnerships with local Schools/Colleg their candidate pools. Job Fairs Social networking Websites Department of Veterans Affairs and D 	ges, Organizations and Communities to leverage Division of Vocational Rehabilitation
Other Hiring Sources	
	tes especially for disabled veterans to help injured mployment (DOD VETS, Military.com National
 Pipeline Reemployment Program, while illnesses to return to work. 	ich enables employees with job-related injuries and
• Delegated Examining/Competitive Exa	amining
Examples of more readily appointable of Reinstatement Transfer (civil servants employed in or Veterans' Recruitment Appointment Employment of People with Disabiliti Executive Order 12721 (certain form Military Spouse noncompetitive Apport	ther Federal agencies) es er overseas employees)



STEP 5 — CONDUCT RECRUITING & TALENT OUTREACH

info	INTERNAL RECRUITING: Develop in-house candidates through pipeline, formal and rmal development, developmental work assignments, succession planning and talent agement efforts.
	Consider:
	Apprentice Program
	Training and Professional Development Opportunities
	Developmental work assignments
	Details, reassignments, temporary promotions
	Individual Development Plans
	Career roadmaps
	Managers, Supervisors and Leaders
	• Formal leadership Training Programs such as: national leadership Development Program, Defense Senior Leadership and Development Program, Executive Leadership Program / Executive Leadership Development Program, etc.)
	Mentoring and coaching
	Key Questions to Consider:
	Which mission-critical or high-turnover occupations and skill levels would benefit most from succession planning and talent management efforts?
	Does the organization have internal policies, procedures and funding for using hiring incentives?
	FOR MORE INFORMATION ON THIS TOPIC SEE
	HIRING INCENTIVES GUIDE



STEP 5 — CONDUCT RECRUITING & TALENT OUTREACH

Work	Identify strategic recruiting sources appropriate for critical vacancies projected in the force Plan and Operational Staffing Plan. Maintain a list of resources and make regular act to share information on anticipated hiring and downsizing activities.
	Consider:
	 Working with the organization to develop recruitment policies. Allocate funding, resources and assets. Tailor strategies to meet specific required skills mix. Promoting DoD and your organization as the employer of choice. Develop an outreach strategy to compete with private-sector companies. Consider advertising in professional journals/publications. Coordinate/collaborate with Public Affairs Offices (PAO) to publicize employment information in base and local newspapers, newsletters, social networking websites, official websites, etc. Highlight Federal/organizational employment benefits and pension (total compensation). Highlight your organization's benefits/culture, work environment (i.e. telework, alternate work schedules, fitness centers, child care facilities, transportation subsidy, etc.).
5.4	Determine the effect of outside influences on your strategy.
	Consider:
Ш	Changing Mission Requirements.
	Equipment, tools and process/system changes requiring new or different skill sets.
	Application of new OPM Qualification Standards
	Placement opportunities for employees impacted by:
	• On-the-job injuries (when employees may be placed in light duty assignments under Federal Employee Compensation Act).
	Reasonable Accommodation requests.
	• Equal Employment Opportunity and other case decisions or settlements.
	Outsourcing/Insourcing initiatives and workforce changes related to Base Realignment and Closure, Joint Basing, Transfer of Work, Transfer of Function, etc., that involve use of reductions in force, Voluntary Early Retirement Authority, Voluntary Separation Incentives Pay, Discontinued Service Retirement, etc.
	Workload Surges and Interruptions.
	Military Deployments (civilian substitutes).
同	Civilian Deployments (Expeditionary workforce assignments overseas). Military to Civilian
同	Conversions.
	Realignments.



STEP 6 - MAINTAIN, MONITOR, EVALUATE & REVISE THE PLAN

STEP 6 – MAINTAIN, MONITOR, EVALUATE & REVISE THE PLAN		
WH0	WHEN	WHAT
WPT, AO	Quarterly	Track and assess progress toward meeting recruitment objectives identified in the Workforce Plan and filling specific vacancies in the Operational Staffing Plan. Update the plans whenever changes in mission, funding or work priorities significantly change workforce needs.

- **6.1** Administrative Officer will convene and facilitate quarterly reviews of the Workforce Plan and Operational Staffing Plan.
- **6.2** Identify the metrics that will demonstrate progress toward closing strategic talent gaps.

_	Measures:
	Mission results supported by human capital goals and objectives.
	Elimination of skill gaps identified in the Workforce Plan.
\vdash	Increased retention rates.
Щ	Increased diversity.
	Improved timeliness, quality of hires.
	Recruitment return on investment (cost per hire, turnover).
H	Highly qualified workforce and high-performing workforce.
\sqsubseteq	Improved person-job match.
	Improved person-organization match.
	Organizational performance.
	Key Questions to Consider:
	What are the metrics associated with the objectives of the Workforce Plan and Operational Staffing Plan?
	Do you have access to the data that will demonstrate progress against the goal?
	Do you conduct entrance and/or exit interviews to determine key factors in attracting and retaining employees?
	Have you reviewed existing survey data (e.g., OPM CHCO Surveys, Component/Agency climate surveys, Federal View Point Survey (FEDVS), etc.)?



STEP 6 - MAINTAIN, MONITOR, EVALUATE & REVISE THE PLAN

6.3 Track progress against workforce action planning objectives and address shortfalls.
Key Questions to Consider:
Are you actively monitoring the effectiveness of the identified workforce action planning strategies in closing strategic talent competency gaps?
Are you engaging with relevant stakeholders to address workforce action planning shortfalls?
Did analysis in the Workforce Plan help with making the business case for increased funding of workforce initiatives (i.e., recruitment, civilian pay, training and development, etc.)?
6.4 Evaluate and adjust plan as needed. Ensure that the workforce action plan is always aligned with strategic priorities and gaps.
Adjust/Revise:
Address new workforce/organizational issues.
Issues addressed on case-by-case basis (may/may not require revision to action plan).
Key Questions to Consider:
Are you continually assessing the relevance of the Operational Staffing Plan to account for strategic shifts or changes in the external talent or business environment?
Are you revisiting the effectiveness of strategies to close strategic talent competency gaps and making appropriate mid-course corrections?
Were the strategies identified in the action plan effective?
What adjustments to plan do you need to make?





PLAN AND RESULTS COMMUNICATION

Share the results of the Workforce Planning Team's recurring analysis with senior leadership, managers, supervisors and the workforce on a regular and recurring basis, and make collective decisions on needed adjustments and specific steps to be taken if the plan does not achieve the desired results. Assess reasons for shortfalls. Identify changes in your internal or external environments creating a need for new or revised strategies. Identify and remedy barriers to implementation (managerial resistance, lack of knowledge of the plan or its strategies, insufficient resources, insufficient communication, etc.).





NOTIONAL TIMELINE

Workforce Planning's multiple steps comprise a continuous process that must begin well before the new budget execution cycle. Although the model suggests a sequentialexecution, in reality the steps may overlap, and it may be necessary to begin some steps before completion of preceding steps. As a general rule of thumb, the following timelinedenotes the occurrence of the various steps:

JAN

STEP 1

Assess the Current State of Workforce Planning

JAN-FEB

STEP 2

Analyze Current Workforce and Workload

MAR-APR

STEP 3

Identify Future Workforce Requirements and Gaps

NLT 30 JUN (No Later Than)

STEP 4

Develop Workforce Plan and Staffing Plan

ONGOING

STEP 5

Conduct Recruiting and Talent Outreach

QUARTERLY

STEP 6

Maintain, Monitor, Evaluate & Revise the Plan

